Report of the Deputy Chief Executive

REVIEW OF STRATEGIC RISK REGISTER

1. Purpose of report

To approve the amendments to the Strategic Risk Register and the action plans identified to mitigate risks.

2. Recommendation

The Committee is asked to RESOLVE that the amendments to the Strategic Risk Register and the actions to mitigate risks as set out in appendix 2 be approved.

3. Detail

In accordance with the corporate Risk Management Strategy, the Strategic Risk Management Group met on 26 October 2022 to review the Strategic Risk Register. General Management Team (GMT) has since considered the proposals from the Group. The objectives of the review were to:

- Identify the extent to which risks included in the register are still relevant
- Identify any new strategic risks to be included in the register
- Review action plans to mitigate risks.

A summary of the risk management process is included in appendix 1. The Risk Management Strategy includes a '5x5' risk map matrix to assess both the threats and opportunities for each strategic risk in terms of both the likelihood and impact. The risk map is included to assist the understanding of the inherent and residual risk scores allocated to each strategic risk. These scores will be considered further and amended as necessary in due course.

Details of proposed amendments to the Strategic Risk Register and the actions resulting from the process are attached in appendix 2. The full revised Strategic Risk Register incorporating the proposed amendments is available on the intranet.

A new strategic risk is proposed for the Strategic Risk Register linked to Climate Change. This risk is "failure to achieve commitment of being carbon neutral for the Council's own operations by 2027". This strategic risk includes elements of physical, reputational and financial risks. A copy of this risk is provided in appendix 3.

Finally, an extract from the register of the entries relating to the highest rated 'red' risks are included in appendix 4 for Members consideration.

Further reviews of the Strategic Risk Register will be reported to future meetings of this Committee.

4. Financial Implications

The comments from the Head of Finance Services were as follows:

There are no direct financial implications that arise from this report. Any future additional budgetary requirements will be considered separately by Cabinet.

5. Legal Implications

The comments from the Head of Legal Services and Deputy Monitoring Officer were as follows:

The Strategic Risk Register is the main mechanism used by the Council to identify, assess and monitor key risks. Whilst there are no direct legal implications arising from this report, it is important to assess whether the risks identified are being effectively mitigated and managed.

6. Human Resources Implications

There were no comments from the Human Resources Manager.

7. Union Comments

There were no Union comments in relation to this report.

8. <u>Data Protection Compliance Implications</u>

There are no Data Protection issues in relation to this report.

9. Equality Impact Assessment

As there is no change to policy an equality impact assessment is not required.

10. Background Papers

Nil

REVIEW OF STRATEGIC RISK REGISTER

<u>Introduction</u>

The Risk Management Strategy, as revised in December 2018, aims to improve the effectiveness of risk management across the Council. Effective risk management will help to ensure that the Council maximises its opportunities and minimises the impact of the risks it faces, thereby improving its ability to deliver priorities, improve outcomes for residents and mitigating legal action and financial claims against the Council and subsequent damage to its reputation.

The Strategy provides a comprehensive framework and process designed to support both Members and Officers in ensuring that the Council is able to discharge its risk management responsibilities fully. The Strategy outlines the objectives and benefits of managing risk, describes the responsibilities for risk management, and provides an overview of the process that the Council has in place to manage risk successfully. The risk management process outlined within the Strategy should be used to identify and manage all risks to the Council's ability to deliver its priorities. This covers both strategic priorities, operational activities and the delivery of projects or programmes.

The Council defines risk as "the chance of something happening that may have an impact on objectives". A risk is an event or occurrence that would prevent, obstruct or delay the Council from achieving its objectives or failing to capture business opportunities when pursuing its objectives.

Risk Management

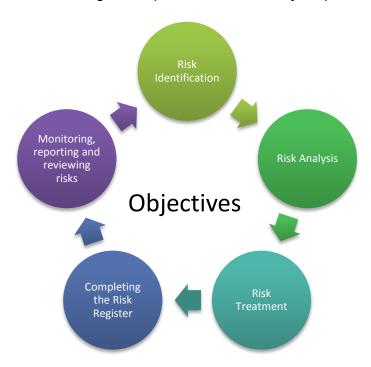
Risk management involves adopting a planned and systematic approach to the identification, evaluation and control of those risks which can threaten the objectives, assets, or financial wellbeing of the Council. It is a means of minimising the costs and disruption to the Council caused by undesired events.

Risk management covers the whole range of risks and not just those associated with finance, health and safety and insurance. It can also include risks as diverse as those associated with reputation, environment, technology and breach of confidentiality amongst others. The benefits of successful risk management include:

- Improved service delivery with fewer disruptions, efficient processes and improved controls
- Improved financial performance and value for money with increased achievement of objectives, fewer losses, reduced impact and frequency of critical risks
- Improved corporate governance and compliance systems with fewer legal challenges, robust corporate governance and fewer regulatory visits
- Improved insurance management with lower frequency and value of claims, lower impact of uninsured losses and reduced premiums.

Risk Management Process

The Council's risk management process has five key steps as outlined below.



Process Step	Description
Risk Identification	Identification of risks which could significantly impact the Council's aims and objectives – both strategic and operational.
Risk Analysis	Requires consideration to the identified risks potential consequences and likelihood of occurring. Risks should be scored against the Council's risk matrix
Risk Treatment	Treat; Tolerate; Transfer; Terminate – Identify which solution is best to manage the risk (may be one or a combination of a number of treatments)
Completing the Risk Register	Document the previous steps within the appropriate risk register. Tool for facilitating risk management discussions. Standard template to be utilised to ensure consistent reporting.
Monitoring, reporting and reviewing the risks	Review risks against agreed reporting structure to ensure they remain current and on target with what is expected or manageable.

Risk Matrix

	Risk – Threats						
	Almost Certain – 5	5	10	15	20	25	
ро	Likely – 4	4	8	12	16	20	
Likelihood	Possible – 3	3	6	9	12	15	
불	Unlikely – 2	2	4	6	8	10	
	Rare – 1	1	2	3	4	5	
		Insignificant – 1	Minor – 2	Moderate – 3	Major – 4	Catastrophic – 5	
	Impact						

Risk Rating	Value	Action
Red Risk 25		Immediate action to prevent serious threat to provision and/or achievement of key services or duties
	15 to 20	Key risks which may potentially affect the provision of key services or duties
Amber Risk 12		Important risks which may potentially affect the provision of key services or duties
	8 to 10	Monitor as necessary being less important but still could have a serious effect on the provision of key services
	5 to 6	Monitor as necessary to ensure risk is properly managed
Green Risk	1 – 4	No strategic action necessary

Strategic Risk Register – Summary of Proposed Changes

Inherent Risk – Gross risk **before** controls and mitigation

Residual Risk – Risk remaining **after** application of controls and mitigating measures

	Risk	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Changes
1.	Failure to maintain effective corporate performance management and implement change management processes The position with regards to	20	4 Green	A new action was added to consider undertaking an audit of Project Management as part of the Internal Audit Plan for 2023/24.
	this risk is unchanged .			
2.	Failure to obtain adequate resources to achieve service objectives The position with regards to	25	16 Red	The group noted the ongoing 'cost of living crisis' and the significant rises in inflation which is keeping this risk as one of the highest rated red risks.
	this risk is unchanged .			The action to present an updated Medium Term Financial Strategy and Business Strategy to Cabinet on 4 October 2022 was completed and updated to refer to Cabinet on 7 February 2023.
				The action to produce a new Asset Management Strategy to replace the previous version was updated to refer to it being presented to Cabinet in December 2022 for approval.
3.	Failure to deliver the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) Business Plan	25	12	The group noted the impact of rising inflation and the cost of living crisis on the HRA service provision and
	Although the residual risk score does not need to change, it was considered that the position with regards to this risk had worsened.		Amber	financial position. A new action was added to review the outcome of the Government consultation on rent setting levels (the 'rent cap') and consider its impact on the HRA budget.
4.	Failure of strategic leisure initiatives The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	25	20 Red	A new action was added to forward plan any necessary capital repair works anticipated at Bramcote Leisure Centre and to submit, consider and profile the financial impact as part of the approved Capital Programme.

	Risk	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Changes
5.	Failure of Liberty Leisure (LLL) trading company The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	25	12 Amber	No changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
6.	Failure to complete the redevelopment of Beeston town centre The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	25	8 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
7.	Not complying with legislation The residual risk score has been revised after it was considered that the position with regards to this risk had improved.	25	6 Amber	The action to react to the impact of legislative changes arising from the United Kingdom leaving the European Union was deleted as this is managed as 'business as usual' activity. The action to fully resolve any systems and procedures issues relating to the schedule of annual gas safety checks and to urgently clear any backlog of properties awaiting overdue annual tests was completed. A new action was added to monitor any changes relating to the Housing Regulatory Framework to ensure ongoing compliance with legislation. Given the robust nature of the control framework in place to ensure that the Council's operations are legally compliant and in view of the lack of any significant issues, it was agreed that the residual risk score be reduced from 9 to 6.
8.	Failure of financial management and/or budgetary control and to implement agreed budget decisions The residual risk score has been revised after it was considered that the position with regards to this risk had improved.	25	4 Green	The action to present an updated Medium Term Financial Strategy and a revised Business Strategy to Cabinet on 4 October 2022 was completed and updated to refer to Cabinet on 7 February 2023. Given the robust nature of the financial management and budgetary control framework in place and in view of the lack of significant issues for many years, it was agreed that the residual risk score be reduced from 8 to 4.

	Risk	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Changes
9.	Failure to maximise collection of income due to the Council The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	20	12 Amber	The action to monitor the post-pandemic income for Council Tax and Business Rates was deleted as it is managed as 'business as usual'. A new action was added to monitor rent income and arrears levels relating to the General Fund properties, in particular the commercial premises and industrial units.
10.	Failure of key ICT systems The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	25	15 Red	The review and refresh of corporate and departmental Business Continuity Plans to consider the potential impact of a cyber-attack was progressing, with the target date extended to 31 December 2022. The action to complete the relocation
				of the Backup Server from the Council Offices to Kimberley Depot will be completed shortly once electrical upgrade works are concluded, with the target date extended to 30 November 2022.
11.	Failure to implement Private Sector Housing Strategy in accordance with Government and Council expectations The position with regards to this risk is unchanged.	20	4 Green	No changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
12.	Failure to engage with partners/community to implement the Broxtowe Borough Partnership Statement of Common Purpose The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	15	4 Green	No changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
13.	Failure to contribute effectively to dealing with crime and disorder The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	15	3 Green	No changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.

	Risk	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Changes
14.	Failure to provide housing in accordance with the Local Development Framework The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	12 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
15.	Natural disaster or deliberate act, which affects major part of the Authority The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	15	12 Amber	An action to contact the County Council for the latest concerning their Flood Risk Management Strategy was completed. The Council has received an updated version of the strategy and has added this and the Broxtowe Local Flood Response Plan to the list of key controls.
				The target date for the action to review and refresh Business Continuity Plans was extended to 31 December 2022.
16.	Failure to mitigate the impact of the Government's welfare reform agenda The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	6 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
17.	Failure to maximise opportunities and to recognise the risks in shared services arrangements The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	9 Amber	The action to optimise the benefits of refocusing Estates Management activity following the termination of the shared services agreement with Ashfield was completed and is now monitored under 'business as usual'.
18.	Corporate and/or political leadership adversely impacting upon service delivery The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	8 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
19.	High levels of sickness The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	16	6 Amber	Although no significant changes were proposed to the risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk, 'agile working' was added as a key control.

	Risk	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Changes
20.	Inability to recruit and retain staff with required skills and expertise to meet increasing demands and expectations. The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	12 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
21.	Failure to comply with duty as a service provider and employer to groups such as children, the elderly, vulnerable adults etc. The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	6 Amber	No changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.
22.	Unauthorised access of data The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	6 Amber	The target date for the action to review and refresh Business Continuity Plans was extended to 31 December 2022.
23.	High volumes of employee or client fraud The position with regards to this risk is unchanged	20	9 Amber	No significant changes were proposed to the key controls, risk indicators and action points for this strategic risk.

New Risk – Failure to achieve commitment of being carbon neutral for the Councils own operations by 2027

Risk Owner(s)	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk
Executive Director Head of Environmental Services	20	12

Key Controls

- 'Climate Change Emergency' declared by the Council July 2019
- Climate Change Strategy
- Climate Change and Green Futures Delivery Programme
- Carbon Management Plan
- Climate Change Progress Board
- Cabinet
- Corporate Plan 2020-2024
- Business Planning Framework and Business Plans
- Carbon Emission Monitoring Dashboard

Risk Indicators

- Bi-annual carbon emission reports
- Progress with Climate Change and Green Futures Delivery Programme
- Progress with Council's Corporate Plan and Business Plans
- Budget gap

- 1. Produce annual carbon emission update to Cabinet
- 2. Produce six-monthly carbon emission update to the Portfolio Holder
- 3. Annual review of Climate Change Strategy
- 4. Establishment of Climate Change Strategy budget
- 5. Create carbon Roadmap to 2027, to include an annual percentage reduction in carbon emissions
- 6. Include Net Carbon Zero (NCZ) target for own operations
- 7. Consider borough NCZ target to align with the current UK legislation
- 8. Identify clear Climate Change priorities from the Climate Change programme to deliver the most effective actions from the plan (i.e. cost against return basis)
- 9. Work with the Environmental Strategy Working Group and Nottinghamshire Carbon Neutral Officers group, along with other internal and external stakeholders.
- 10. Submit bids for external funding relating to carbon reduction initiatives.

EXTRACT OF THE STRATGEIC RISK REGISTER - NOVEMBER 2022 ENTRIES RELATING TO HIGHEST RATED 'RED' RISKS

Risk 2 - Failure to obtain adequate resources to achieve service objectives

Risk Owner(s)	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk
Deputy Chief Executive Head of Finance Services	20	16

Key Controls

- Medium Term Financial Strategy
- Business Strategy
- Economic Regeneration Strategy
- Commissioning and Procurement Strategy
- Capital Strategy
- Asset Management Strategy
- Energy Procurement Strategy
- Commercial Strategy
- Land Disposals Policy

Risk Indicators

- Formula grant
- Budget gap
- Fuel and energy prices
- Income levels
- Failed bids for external funding
- General economic indicators
- Interest rates

- 1. Review service objectives in response to changing resources
- 2. Identify and assess external funding opportunities and ensure any accompanying targets are met
- 3. Investigate and develop opportunities for shared service working
- 4. Monitor the impact of the collection of business rates upon resources available to the Council
- 5. Seek the disposal of surplus assets to generate additional capital receipts
- 6. Submit bids for town centre re-generation initiatives
- 7. Identify potential budget saving opportunities
- 8. Maximise income from Commercial Property and Industrial Units.

- 9. Assess the impact of the transfer of responsibility for land charges from local authorities to HM Land Registry.
- 10. Work collaboratively with Nottinghamshire local authorities to maximise the recovery of business rates income.
- 11. Assess the potential outcome of the Fair Funding Review, including proposals for greater localisation of business rates, upon the Council's finances.
- 12. Produce a new Commercial Strategy to replace the previous Commercial Strategy 2017-2020.
- 13. Respond as necessary to the outcome of the 'Town Deal' bid for Stapleford.
- 14. Develop Town Investment Plans for Eastwood and Kimberley.
- 15. Produce a new Asset Management Strategy to replace the previous version and present to Cabinet in December 2022 for approval.
- 16. Await the outcome of the Levelling Up Fund bids submitted for Eastwood and Kimberley.
- 17. Seek full recovery of the agreed tram compensation claim against Nottingham City Council.
- 18. Monitor the impact of rising inflation and the cost of living crisis on the Council's service provision and its financial position.
- 19. Present an updated Medium Term Financial Strategy and a revised Business Strategy to Cabinet on 7 February 2023.

Risk 4 - Failure of strategic leisure initiatives

Risk Owner(s)	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk
Deputy Chief Executive	25	20

Key Controls

- Leisure Facilities Strategy
- Leisure and Culture Service Specification
- Liberty Leisure Limited Business Plan
- External legal advice and support

Risk Indicators

- Results of consultation exercises
- Progress against business plans
- · Progress against capital programme
- Events impacting upon joint use agreements
- Visitor numbers at leisure facilities
- Income at leisure facilities
- Financial viability of Liberty Leisure Limited

- 1. Determine future strategy for investment in leisure facilities.
- 2. Review leisure opportunities arising from major developments.
- 3. Produce a programme to address the issues identified in the detailed property condition survey at Bramcote Leisure Centre.
- 4. Utilise external legal advice and support as required.
- 5. Assess the financial implications and risks associated with two options for a replacement for Bramcote Leisure Centre
- 6. Establish a cross-party Task and Finish Group to consider options for potential leisure sites in the north and south of Broxtowe.
- 7. Work with Chilwell School to assess leisure facilities options at Chilwell Olympia Sports Centre and report back to Cabinet.
- 8. Forward plan any necessary capital repair works anticipated at Bramcote Leisure Centre and to submit, consider and profile the financial impact as part of the Capital Programme.

Risk 10 - Failure of key ICT systems

Risk Owner(s)	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk
Executive Director Chief Information Officer	25	15

Key Controls

- ICT Strategy
- Service agreements
- Systems mainly supplied by external supplier
- Back-up server offsite
- Security Policies
- System availability
- Server virtualisation
- Provision of emergency power supply
- · Identification of failure at points of entry
- Shared service arrangements with other local authorities
- · Geo-location blocking on the firewall
- · Warning, Advice and Reporting Point (WARP) service
- Cyber Security Information Sharing Partnership (CISP)

Risk Indicators

- Viruses
- Computer downtime
- Overrun/failure of overnight processing
- Key financial reconciliation processes
- Customer complaints
- Backlog of works
- Appropriate staffing resources to support key systems
- · Number of security incidents

- Monitor implementation of and regularly test the Business Continuity Plan for ICT Services
- 2. Pursue partnership working initiatives, where appropriate
- 3. Assess the impact of the National Cyber Security Standard.
- 4. Complete the relocation of the Backup Server from the Council Offices to Kimberley Depot by 30 November 2022.
- 5. Address the matters raised by the independent LGA specialist review of the Council's cyber-risk arrangements and key controls.
- 6. Review and refresh the corporate and departmental Business Continuity Plans by 31 December 2022.